THIRD

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

olina who believes in equal rights to all and special privileges to none; who believes in an honest administration of all laws fairly and impar-tially to all citizens alike; who be-lieves in enforcing all laws upon all subjects, and obedience to the consti-tution of the United States and the constitution of South Caroling, and who is ves in giving to the laboring, people of this country the same rights as are given to the wealthy, and who believes on dealing with the corpor-ations fairly and justic but in mak-ing them from encroaching upon the rights of the people, or in any man-ner or form oppressing them. And i tration of all laws fairly and imparner or form oppressing them. And I promise you that if elected governor promise you that if elected governor that I will be the governor of all the people of my state, regardless of any past differences, and shall perform the duties of that office fairly and squarely with equal regard to the rights of all alike. I believe, from the experience which the people have had with me in the legislature of their state and in the governor's office that they will believe, and that they do believe, that I will do what I say I will do, and will not do what I say I will not do

A Warning:
I said, in a message to the general
ssembly, on the 15th day of January, 1912, in speaking of the mill merger in this state, that thi smerger would prove very injurious to the people of the state as a whole, and that it wan safer for the authorities to take charge of the matter at that time than it would be to wait until, like the Standard Oll case, the people would have to appeal to their supreme court to relieve them from the burdens which would be brought upon them. Today lawsuits are in progress be-fore the court in Pickens, whereby the fore the court in Pickens, whereby the people are trying to save themselves from the very injury which I warned them of, and they are appealing to the very court that I said they would ultimately go to, and, as is shown here, this merger has cost the stockholders of those mills the less of four million five hundred thomas doilars. That prediction, my fallow citizens, was made more than four years ago, when I was asking your general assembly to direct when after. general assembly to direct your atterney general to take some action to save the people harmless to this matter. I do not claim to be a prophet. I mention this to call your attention to the fact that I was studying the questions that were before the peo-ple of my state.

One other matter, if you please. At the special session of the general assembly of 1914, a bill was passed authorizing the issuing of twenty-four million deliars in 5 per cent coupon bonds, payable semi-annually for a term of twenty seems. million dollars in 5 per cent coupon 1. The warehouse system, which bonds, payable semi-annually for a was enacted into law while I was term of twenty years. I know if I governor, which was recommended by vetoed that bill that the legislature me in my message, and hich was ap-

Uneeda Biscuit are the most nourishing of eoda crackers. Use them at meals for their food value. Eat them between meals because they are ever crisp and food. At all them between meals because they are ever crisp and food. good. Uneeda Biscuit NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

would pass it overwhelvingly over my veto, as they were bitterly op-posed to me, and had been on all occasions, doing whatever they could to over-ride my vetoes. For that reason I held this bill until it was too and stated that it was useless, that the conditions did not warrant it, that the financial situation would work itself out and adjust itself. work itself out and adjust itself.
What, gentlemen, has been the resulf?, Just as I said, the situation
was relieved; conditions were improved; the popl got along without proyer; the popt got stong without this enormous amount of money; and if it had not been for my standing between you, the tax payers of this state, and that legislature, you would oday have saddled upon you a twen-y-four million-dollar debt, and would ty-four million-dollar debt, and would be paying interest on it at the rate of 5 per cent, when you can now bor-row all the money you want a hair that rate of interest. Wilnout desi-ing to appear egotistical, I ask you tax p, yers, what think you of my ac-tion in your behalf in this matter? Possibly you will be more inter-ested in knowing what I stand for now, and I shall therefore proceed to tell you:

1. The warehouse system, which

You tried it because we told you how good and delicious

ut your friends began inking it because you told them or goodly was. This is the end-

HE COCA-COLA CO.

Youand Your Friends\_and

This store, appreciating the confidence and patronage accorded it, has given the public a larger and better store, with large assortments, better values and better service. The offers just now SPECIAL BARGAINS in the following lines:

Ministeria Summer Dress Goods Wash

perc, Tensia Oxfords, Etc.: "

Silvery Walter, Millian ... (Rep. Sprint) Cald Parts, Marca and Women's Sing.

over proved by me as soon as it was pro-

2. Blennfal session of your general assembly which would be a saving of thousands of dollars to our people. 3. The making of 6 per cent the logal rate of interest in South Caro-

4. The establishment of a credit system for the state. 5. The abolition of all useless of fices.

6. The reduction of taxation.
7. Amending the constitution by striking out that section which provides for the payment of \$2,000 to the family of a negro who commits rape on a white woman, and providing that in such cases a jury may be drawn immediately and a special court held within such time as the governor may discovered. may direct.
8. Liberal support for the state in-

situtions for the education of our boys and girls.

9. Building up the free school system for that every white children

SouthCarolina may be given an edu 10. Laws that will favor and pro-tect labor in all of its legitimate pur-

poses, and such laws as will protect capital in its lawful investments; so that capital and labor, each necessary to the other, may work in harmony for the material advancement of all our people. 11. A law that no officer elected b

the people shall be removed from of-fice unless convicted by a Jury. 12. The decrease of present day

13. Local option by counties for the control of the whiskey traffic, 14. Confederate veterans. There are lew real, genuine Confederate veterans living, If you will remem-ber when the war closed, and place the age of a man coming out even as low as 18 years, you will see that, to have been in that war from ate beginhave been in that war from its beging in the is a very old man. Now, I favor getting the time records and giving to the bona lide Confederate colder a sufficient amount of money to make him comfortable during the balance of his life. If you will remove the stragglers from the campand give the money only to the true soldier, we can make them at least comfortable, and the balance of their days pleasant, and it will be no hardship upon the taxpayers, and no tax payer in South Carolina would object to the amount borne by him for carrying out this most honorable and worthy purpose.

worthy purpose.
To Discuss Various Issues.

To Discuss Various Issues.

These matters and others I shall discuss in detail at the various campaign meetings, for, as everybody knows, it would be an absolute impossibility to take them all up and discuss them at any one meeting. Upon this platform and upon my record as legislater and as governor and as a private citizen of the sastetance of the democrate of South Carolins. I shall have nothing to say against the personal or private record of any cambrate in this campaign, unless the firsts attacks me, in which even I mail defend myself and spare nothing to reply Public records are public property and are always open, and it is legislimiste to criteria thim in such terms as we may see III. Therefore, I laylie the fromt and full-see discussion of my record as a logistic of the truth being total as to my private or pursonal life. I therefore this and it is reply being the free to object the first and the real being total as to my private or pursonal life. I therefore the safe that the real being total as to my private or pursonal life. I therefore the safe that is the legislate to the following them and the safe that the large them is a purious and the safe that is a purious and the safe that is the safe that the safe that the safe that is a purious and the safe that the safe that is a purious and the safe that the safe that is a purious and the safe that the safe

company, a trust throttling—or at-tempting to throttlo—the farmers of South Carolina, and which Attorney General Bellinger and his assistants were fighting with all thet rpower. Mr. Mauntog voted against the bill to suspend, this corporation and against the interests of the farmers

In the session of 1900, Journa page 206, you will see where Mr. Manning voted against the child lab or bill and against the interest of the cotton mill employees. In 1906, Senate Journal, page 216

and laboring people. Seen Journs. 1902, page 360.

as senator, he voted against the bill to prevent strikes and lockouts, which was introduced to meet emergencies and to help the cotton mill employees, thus voting against the laboring man and in favor of the corporation. If this bill hr? occa passed and allowed to become a law, the many strikes which have occurred, under his administration, in the cotton mills could not have taken place, and labor and savitat would have been mills could not have taken place, and labor and capital would have been working together in harmony, and the lives which have been lost on account of the fibis caused by these strikes would, have been saved. Hencel to himself and his colleagues in the senate, can he lay the blame for the strikes which have taken place during his administration.

The Ten-Hour Bill.

He also voted against the bill for ten hours in obtain mills see Hour Journal, 1892, page 358. When this Journal, 1892. Dage 358. When this bill, to limit the hours of labor in cotton mills, was up for discussion. Mr. Blease moved to strike out after South Carolina, in Section 1. which was: "Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent any of the employees in the aforesaid manufacturing establishments, from amoration. neats from engaging to work or working such time in addition, not to exceed one hundred and ten (110) hours per annum, as may be neceshours per annum, as may be necessary, to make up for lost time." Mr. Manning voted to leave that proviso in the bill, which, as every cotton mill man in the state knows, nullifled the law, for this section, was used to impose upon labor and to force them to work just about as many hours per week as they had worked beautiful. worked heretofore

worked heretofore.
You will find that in the session of 1893, House Journal, page 136; also in the Senate Journal of 1996, page 365, he voted against separate coaches for the two races, thus voting for white ladies to be thrown in the same

es for the two races, thus voting for white indies to be thrown in the same coaches with negro men.

It will thus be seen that this may, the will thus be seen that this may, who was the president of a bank in Sunter and a director in many other large corporations in this state, on very occasion, as senator and representative, voted against the interests of the laboring man and for the corporations, and he is today the candidate of corporations and their office, and alterneys.

In addition to this, he was in the Sheppara convention, which met the Sheppara convention, which met the March, 1892, as a delegate from Suntar county.

It has addition to this, he was in the Sheppara convention, which met the March, 1892, as a delegate from Suntar county.

In the administration of the powers in the administration of the powers ment, it also more than necessary by the misfortunes of the people and the impending deficiency in our triesary resulting from the unwise management of the present administration. At another place, its speaking of B. R. C. Ilmin, their platform salet. We assume that the curree of the head of the present administration, both before, and stone the election, the been core, and allowed the reservoir administration, both before, and stone the election, the been core, and allowed the content of the present administration, both becomes the country of the present administration.

STATE SECRETARY Writes about crane

RECENTLY CAUGHT ON THE SIX AND TWENTY CREEK

WHAT DISPOSITION

Was Made of Bird is Matter Miss Williams Wishes to Be Informed About

Editor of the Anderson Intelligencer: In The State of June 17th, I find the following clipping from the In-

"D. L. Kay of the Pepal-Cola compahy yesterday morning caught a large blue crane on Six-and Twenty areas. He was activing along and it lies close enough for him to catch it. It was the largest ever caught in this section, measuring five feet and nine inches from tip to tip of its wings."

Wayne in his "Birds of South Carolina" says that three species of cranes formerly were found in this state: The Whooper, which no long-er visits South Carolina, the Lute Brown Crane, only one record of which has ever been made for this state, and the Sandhill crane of which no specimen has been taken for the past twenty years. "As all herons are usually locally called "crane" it is probable that the bird captured by Mr. Kay was the great blue haven, which is a permanent resident and protected by the laws of South Carolina. In the Bird, Game and Nonmigratory Fish Laws of South Carolina, Sec. 734, we read: No person within the state shall kill, catch, or have in his or their possession living or dead, any resident or migratory wild bird other than a game bird, or purchase, offer or expose for state, and the Sandhill crane of which

bird, or purchase, offer or expose for sale, any such, wild non-game bird, after it has been caught or killed. As a lover and student of birds and one who is interested in their pre-servation I should like very much to know what disposition was made of the bird caught by Mr. Kay. Doubt-less the game warden or wardens in Anderson county are equally inter-ested. In not why not?

ested. In not, why not? Bolle Williame, Sec. State Audubon Society.

On Monday, June 5, the Angel of death visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jeston Banister of Crayton-ville, and took from them their darling little boy, Theodore, 7 years of ago. He was buried the following at Mt. Bethel church; funeral services were conducted by the Rev. N. Y. Wright. His death was a great shock to his loved ones, for his condition was not thought to be serious until a few hours before

his death,
his death,
May the father and mother be
comforted with the thought that he
is safe in the arms of Jesus.

A Friend

Try a tube of our A. D. S. sediso Tooth Paste. Venilla, Maple Nats, Strawberry and Cher ry Ice Cream. Owl Drug Co.

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\$2.50 and \$3.50

Rawak

sends us a few very classy all white hats. You'll like them ever so much. Then, too, we have a number of pretty trims just from our owr, work roomat little prices.

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